Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 25-Aug-2010 Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 Revision Number 12

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Cyclohexanone

Cat No.: 111190000; 111190010; 111190025; 111190250; 111190251

Synonyms Ketohexamethylene; Pimelic ketone.

CÁS-No 108-94-1 **EC-No.** 203-631-1 **Molecular Formula** C6 H10 O

Reach Registration Number 01-2119453616-35

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicityCategory 4 (H302)Acute dermal toxicityCategory 4 (H312)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 4 (H332)Skin Corrosion/irritationCategory 2 (H315)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 1 (H318)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	EEC No. 203-631-1	>95	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312)

Page 2/11

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

		Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
		Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)

Reach Registration Number	01-2119453616-35
Reacti Registration Namber	01 2110 400010 00

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Cyclohexanone	STEL: 20 ppm 15 min	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr.

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

STEL: 82 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr TWA: 41 mg/m³ 8 hr	TWA: 40.8 mg/m³ 8 hr STEL: 20 ppm 15 min STEL: 81.6 mg/m³ 15 min	TWA: 40.8 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 20 ppm 15 min STEL: 81.6 mg/m³ 15 min
Skin	Possibility of significant	Skin
	uptake through the skin	

Biological limit values

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	United Kingdom	European Union
Cyclohexanone	Cyclohexanol: 2 mmol/mol creatinine urine	
	post shift	

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal		4 mg/kg//day	10 mg/kg/day	20 mg/kg/day
Inhalation	80 mg/m ³	80 mg/m ³	40 mg/m ³	80 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration See values below. **(PNEC)**

Fresh water 0.0329 mg/l
Fresh water sediment 0.168 mg/kg dw
Marine water 0.00329 mg/l
Marine water sediment 0.0168 mg/kg dw
Water Intermittent 0.329 mg/l
Microorganisms in sewage 10 mg/l

treatment

Soil (Agriculture) 0.0143 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.70 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Nitrile rubber				

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 Cyclohexanone

Neoprene	< 100 minutes	0.45 mm	
Nitrile rubber	< 60 minutes	0.38 mm	

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colorless **Appearance Physical State** Liquid

Odor mint-like **Odor Threshold** 0.12 ppm

No information available pН **Melting Point/Range** -47 °C / -52.6 °F No data available **Softening Point**

Boiling Point/Range 155 °C / 311 °F @ 760 mmHa Flash Point 46 °C / 114.8 °F Method - Closed cup

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Lower 1.1 vol% **Explosion Limits** Upper 8.1 vol% **Vapor Pressure** 4.5 mbar @ 20 °C

3.4

Vapor Density (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.947

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility soluble

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Cyclohexanone 0.86

Autoignition Temperature 520 - °C / 968 - °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

Viscosity 2.2 mPas @ 20°C

Explosive Properties No information available explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC6 H10 OMolecular Weight98.14

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. . Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 4

	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
ſ	Cyclohexanone	LD50 = 1544 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 947 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 8000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
- 1				

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 Cyclohexanone

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Cyclohexanone			Cat. 3B	

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting delayed

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the

environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Cyclohexanone	Leusiscus idus:	EC50: = 800 mg/L, 24h	EC50: = 20 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 18.5 mg/L 5 min
	LC50>500mg/L 48h	(Daphnia magna)	(Chlorella vulgaris)	EC50 = 21.3 mg/L 10
				min
				EC50 = 25 mg/L 5 min

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence

based on information available, May persist.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the

environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Cyclohexanone	0.86	No data available			

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is insoluble and floats on water The product is water soluble, and may spread

in water systems The product evaporates slowly. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Disperses rapidly in air: Highly mobile in soils: Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance

with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1915

14.2. UN proper shipping name CYCLOHEXANONE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN1915

14.2. UN proper shipping name CYCLOHEXANONE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1915

14.2. UN proper shipping name CYCLOHEXANONE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 Cyclohexanone

International Inventories X = listed.

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Cyclohexanone	203-631-1	-		Х	Х	-	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	KE-0918
											8

National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Cyclohexanone	WGK 1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Cyclohexanone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Cyclohexanone Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

hvaiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date25-Aug-2010Revision Date19-Feb-2019Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet