# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 21-Jan-2015 Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 Revision Number 3

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identification

Product Description: 2,3-Dimethylbutane

Cat No.: 116100000; 116100010; 116100050

SynonymsDiisopropylCAS-No79-29-8Molecular FormulaC6 H14

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Physical hazards**

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

# **Health hazards**

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304)
Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 2 (H315)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

#### 2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

#### **Environmental hazards**

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2 (H411)

#### 2.2. Label elements



# **Signal Word**

**Danger** 

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

# **Precautionary Statements**

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No information available

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	EEC No. 201-193-6	> 98	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get **Eye Contact** 

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Aspiration hazard. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center Ingestion

immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

> victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate

medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 2,3-Dimethylbutane

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Contents may develop pressure upon prolonged storage. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s):

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

# **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas

2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

No information available

Route	e of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
	Oral		,	` ,	,
	Dermal				
l I	nhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

# Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Safety glasses with side-shields (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Г	Glove material	Glove material Breakthrough time		EU standard	Glove comments
1	Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	Viton (R)	recommendations			

**Skin and body protection**Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

**Appearance** Colorless **Physical State** Liquid

Odorless Odor

No data available **Odor Threshold** pН No information available Melting Point/Range -129 °C / -200.2 °F **Softening Point** No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 58 °C / 136.4 °F @ 760 mmHa

Flash Point -29 °C / -20.2 °F Method - No information available

No data available **Evaporation Rate** 

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid **Explosion Limits** Lower 1.2

Upper 7

**Vapor Pressure** 267 mbar @ 20 °C

3 (Air = 1.0)**Vapor Density** 

(Air = 1.0)Specific Gravity / Density 0.662

**Bulk Density** Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

, 415 °C / 779 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available **Viscosity** No data available

**Explosive Properties** No information available Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

**Oxidizing Properties** No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C6 H14 **Molecular Weight** 86.18

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No information available. **Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions** No information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019 2,3-Dimethylbutane

**Product Information** No acute toxicity information is available for this product

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral No data available **Dermal** No data available Inhalation No data available

Category 2 (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

No data available (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic **Ecotoxicity effects** 

environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the

environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

treatment plant water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into

drains.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN2457

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** 2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN2457

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** 2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN2457

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** 2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

2,3-Dimethylbutane

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

**IBC Code** 

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

X = listed.International Inventories

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
2,3-Dimethylbutane	201-193-6	438-390-		X	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-1124
-		3									9

# **National Regulations**

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Substances List

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

#### 2,3-Dimethylbutane Revision Date 19-Feb-2019

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date21-Jan-2015Revision Date19-Feb-2019Revision SummaryNot applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

\_\_\_\_