

Creation Date 20-Oct-2009

Revision Date 31-Dec-2020

Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Chloroform - stabilised
Cat No. :	C/4961/17
Synonyms	Methane trichloride; Methenyl trichloride; Formyl trichloride
CAS-No	67-66-3
EC-No.	200-663-8
Molecular Formula	C H CI3
Reach Registration Number	01-2119486657-20

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Sector of use	Laboratory chemicals. SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Process categories Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	All other uses

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom
	EU entity/business name Acros Organics BVBA Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Chloroform - stabilised

Category 4 (H302)

Category 3 (H331)

Category 2 (H315)

Category 2 (H319)

Category 2 (H351)

Category 3 (H336)

Category 1 (H372)

Category 2 (H361d)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Carcinogenicity Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Additional EU labelling

For use in industrial installations only

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Cardiac and respiratory depression

Overexposure may cause decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure, heart block, and cardiac failure Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	>99	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT RE 1 (H372)
1-Pentene	109-67-1	EEC No. 203-694-5	0.01	Flam. Liq. 1 (H224) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Chloroform	STOT RE 2 : C ≥ 5 %	-	-

Note

Amylene is used as a stabilizer, but there is evidence that it may not prevent phosgene generation. Chloroform stabilized with amylene should be tested for phosgene content.

Reach Registration Number	01-2119486657-20

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.	
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		

. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Signs of overdose include stupor and respiratory depression. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) Class 6.1C (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 9.9 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 9.8 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 6 ppm	Possibility of significant	STEL: 6 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 29.7 mg/m ³	uptake through the skin	STEL: 29.4 mg/m ³ 15 min
	_		Skin

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				0.94 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation		333 mg/m ³	2.5 mg/m ³	2.5 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration See values below. (PNEC)

Fresh water	0.146 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	0.45 mg/kg

Chloroform - stabilised

Marine water	0.015 mg/l
Marine water sediment	0.09 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	0.133 mg/l
Microorganisms in sewage	0.048 mg/l
treatment	
Soil (Agriculture)	0.56 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective eq Eye Protection		(European standard	d - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves		
Glove material	Breakthrough time > 480 minutes	Glove thickness	EU standard Level 6	Glove comments As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 460 minutes	-	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene	< 25 minutes	0.45 mm		
Butyl rubber	< 15 minutes	0.35 mm		
Skin and body prot	action Long sle	eved clothing		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Revision Date 31-Dec-2020

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Colorless	
Odor	aromatic sweet	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	-63 °C / -81.4 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	61 °C / 141.8 °F	
Flammability (liquid)	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Flash Point	No information available	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Viscosity	0.56 mPa s at 20 °C	
Water Solubility	8 g/L (20°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat	er)	
Component	log Pow	
Chloroform	2	
1-Pentene	2.66	
Vapor Pressure	213 mbar @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.480	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C H Cl3	

Molecular Formula	C H CI3
Molecular Weight	119.38
VOC Content(%)	100

Chloroform - stabilised

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions, UNSTABLE (REACTIVE) UPON DEPLETION OF INHIBITOR, Light sensitive.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	tions	
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Protect from moisture.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Alkali metals. Aluminium. Acetone.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

> Dermal Inhalation

Category 4 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroform	LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg (Rabbit)	47,702 mg/L(Rat)4 h
1-Pentene	>2000 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(f) carcinogenicity;	Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Chloroform				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects Developmental Effects Teratogenicity	Category 2 Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals. Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals. Study result . negative.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS).
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 1
Study result	LOAEL = 15 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC = 25 mg/m ³
Route of exposure Target Organs	Inhalation Liver, Kidney.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Other Adverse Effects	Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

Chloroform - stabilised

Symptoms / effects,both acute and
delayedSymptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness,
cessation of breathing. Causes central nervous system depression.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	This product does not contain any

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Chloroform	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Chloroform	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 520 mg/L/5	
	min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/15 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/30min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability	Product is biodegradable
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants.
•	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Chloroform	2	1.4 - 13
1-Pentene	2.66	No data available

<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1888 Chloroform 6.1 III
ADR 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1888 Chloroform 6.1 III
IATA 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1888 Chloroform 6.1 III
	N I I I I I I I I I I

14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
-----------	--------	--------	-----	------	-----	------	-------	------	-------	------	------

Chloroform - stabilised

Revision Date 31-Dec-2020

Chloroform	200-663-8	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1-Pentene	203-694-5	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-2802
										7

Note

Amylene is used as a stabilizer, but there is evidence that it may not prevent phosgene generation. Chloroform stabilized with amylene should be tested for phosgene content.

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Chloroform		Use restricted. See item 32.	
		(see	
		http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/L	
		exUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R190	
		7:EN:NOT for restriction details)	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1 List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure (referred to in Article 8)	ANNEX I - PART 2 List of chemicals qualifying for PIC notification (referred to in Article 11)	ANNEX I - PART 3 List of chemicals subject to the PIC procedure (referred to in Articles 13 and 14)
Chloroform 67-66-3 (>99)	 b — ban (for the category or categories concerned) i(2) — industrial chemical for public 	-	-

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

National Regulations

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Chloroform	WGK 3	Class I : 20 mg/m ³ (Massenkonzentration)
1-Pentene	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Chloroform	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed H332 - Harmful if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation

Chloroform - stabilised

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation H351 - Suspected of causing cancer H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H331 - Toxic if inhaled H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Legend **CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water **NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Dangerous Goods by Road Transport Association IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Dangerous Goods Code Ships OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor 100 Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	20-Oct-2009
Revision Date	31-Dec-2020
Revision Summary	Update to CLP Format.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet