



Creation Date 19-Apr-2010

Revision Date 08-Jul-2021

Revision Number 13

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Glutaraldehyde 50% solution
Cat No. :	G/0518/PB08
Synonyms	Glutaraldehyde; Pentanedial

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) D9U9-HU0T-RW0A-VV3G

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Sector of use	Laboratory chemicals. SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	UK entity/business name . Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom
	EU entity/business name Acros Organics BVBA Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616
Poison Centre - Emergency information services	Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Glutaraldehyde 50% solution

Physical hazards	
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Health hazards	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 3 (H301)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 2 (H330)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Respiratory Sensitization	Category 1 (H334)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H335)
Environmental hazards	
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (H400)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

2.3. Other hazards

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Glutaraldehyde	111-30-8	203-856-5	50	Acute Tox. 2 (H330) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) EUH071
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	50	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Glutaraldehyde	STOT SE 3 (H335) :: 0.5%<=C<5%	1	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Glutaraldehyde	01-2119455549-26	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Ingestion causes severe swelling,

severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep at temperatures below 25°C.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) Class 6.1A (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE -** 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Glutaraldehyde	STEL: 0.05 ppm 15 min		STEL: 0.05 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15 min		STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15 min
	TWA: 0.05 ppm 8 hr		_
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hr		
	Resp. Sens.		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

	Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Γ	Glutaraldehyde				DNEL = 6.25mg/kg
	111-30-8 (50)				bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Glutaraldehyde	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.006mg/L	PNEC = 0.8mg/L	PNEC = 0.21mg/kg
111-30-8 (50)	0.0025mg/L	0.091mg/kg		-	soil dw
	-	sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Glutaraldehyde	PNEC =	PNEC =			
111-30-8 (50)	0.00025mg/L	0.009mg/kg			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ĵ	sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective eq Eye Protection	u ipment Goggles (European standard - EN 166)			
Hand Protection	Protectiv	Protective gloves		
Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Skin and body prot	ection Long sle	eved clothing.		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	No information available
Odor	pungent
Odor Threshold	No data available

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Melting Point/Range	-33 °C / -27.4 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	101.5 °C / 214.7 °F	@ 740 mmHg
Flammability (liquid)	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1.5 vol%	
	Upper 50 vol%	
Flash Point	No information available	Method - CC (closed cup)
Autoignition Temperature	395 °C / 743 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	110°C	
рН	3.2-4.2	
Viscosity	20 mPa.s (50°C)	
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ter)	
Component	log Pow	
Glutaraldehyde	0.22	
Vapor Pressure	15 mmHg @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.130	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	1.05	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		

Evaporation Rate

Glutaraldehyde 50% solution

0.93 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reaction	ons
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Temperatures above 50°C.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Alcohols. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

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Oral	Category 3
Dermal	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation	Category 2

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Glutaraldehyde	77 mg/kg(Rat)	>2500 mg/kg (Rat)	0.28 - 0.39 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Water	-	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B
Test method	OECD 404
Test species	rabbit
Observational endpoint	Corrosive
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1
Test method	Draize test
Test species	rabbit
Observation end point	CAUSES (SEVERE) EYE BURNS, irreversible

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory	Category 1
Skin	Category 1

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Glutaraldehyde	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	Sensitization
111-30-8 (50)			

May cause sensitization by skin contact

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Glutaraldehyde 111-30-8(50)	in vitro OECD Test Guideline 473 Mammalian	in vitro Mammalian	Positive
	in vivo OECD Test Guideline 474	in vivo mouse Animal germ cell	negative

(f) carcinogenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Glutaraldehyde	OECD Test Guideline 451	Rat / 2 years	negative
111-30-8 (50)			NOAEL = 100 ppm

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(q) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result		
Glutaraldehyde	OECD Test Guideline 414	Rat	negative		
111-30-8 (50)			_		

(h) STOT-single exposure;

Category 3

No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;

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Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated.
11.2. Information on other hazards	

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Glutaraldehyde 50% solution

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	This product does not contain any

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Glutaraldehyde	LC50: 7.8 - 22 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 2.6 - 4.8 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50: 0.56 - 1.0 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna) EC50: = 14 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: = 0.84 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	LC50: 7.8 - 13 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 5.4 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas)		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Glutaraldehyde	EC50 = 13.3 mg/L 17 h	1
	EC50 = 76.0 mg/L 5 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence	Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Soluble in
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	water. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Glutaraldehyde	0.22	No data available			

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the 12.4. Mobility in soil environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB No data available for assessment.

assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

Glutaraldehyde 50% solution

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects	
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2922 Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. Glutaraldehyde solution 8 6.1 II
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2922 Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. Glutaraldehyde solution 8 6.1 II
ΙΑΤΑ	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2922 Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. Glutaraldehyde solution 8 6.1 II
14.5. Environmental hazards	Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

China, X = listed, Australia, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	IECSC	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Glutaraldehyde	203-856-5	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-27969
Water	231-791-2	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х		Х	KE-35400

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Glutaraldehyde		Use restricted. See item 75.	SVHC Candidate list - 203-856-5 -
		(see link for restriction details)	Respiratory sensitising properties (Article 57f - human health)

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

National Regulations

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Glutaraldehyde	WGK3	Class I : 20 mg/m ³ (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)	
Glutaraldehyde	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 65,RG 66	
IV Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Degulations (COSHU) 2002 and 2005 Amandment		

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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Glutaraldehyde 50% solution

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

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CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemica	Inventory
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	Substances List
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
	RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]: Physical hazards On basis of test data

Health Hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

Training Advice Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	19-Apr-2010
Revision Date	08-Jul-2021
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet