

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009 Revision Date 20-Feb-2019 Revision Number 5

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Glycidol

Cat No.: 120050000; 120050050; 120051000; 120055000; 120050025

**Synonyms** 2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol; 3-Hydroxy-1,2-epoxypropane

 CAS-No
 556-52-5

 EC-No.
 209-128-3

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H6 O2

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Physical hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

## **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Category 4 (H302)

Category 4 (H312)

Category 2 (H330)

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Skin Corrosion/irritation

Serious Eve Damage/Eve Irritation

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive Toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

**Environmental hazards** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Category 2 (H315) Category 2 (H319) Category 2 (H341)

Category 1B (H350)

Category 1B (H360F) Category 3 (H335)

Category 2 (H373)

## 2.2. Label elements



#### Signal Word

#### Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H360F - May damage fertility

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Combustible liquid

## **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No information available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Glycidol	556-52-5	EEC No. 209-128-3	>95	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 2 (H330) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350) Repr. 1B (H360F) STOT SE 3 (H335)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is

required. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or

other proper respiratory medical device.

**Self-Protection of the First Aider** Use personal protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible material. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

## **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat. To maintain product quality: Keep refrigerated.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Exposure limits**

List source(s): IRE - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Glycidol			TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
			TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
			STEL: 6 ppm 15 min
			STEL: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

## **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral			` ,	,
Dermal				
Inhalation				

**Predicted No Effect Concentration** No information available. **(PNEC)** 

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
PVC				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

#### Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Clear **Physical State** Liquid

Odorless Odor

**Odor Threshold** No data available

pН 100 g/L aq.sol

-54 °C / -65.2 °F Melting Point/Range

**Softening Point** No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 160 - 161 °C / 320 - 321.8 °F @ 760 mmHa

Flash Point 71 °C / 159.8 °F Method - No information available

**Evaporation Rate** No data available Not applicable Flammability (solid,gas)

Liquid

**Explosion Limits** No data available

1.1 mbar @ 25 °C **Vapor Pressure** 

**Vapor Density** 2.15 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.110

**Bulk Density** Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Glycidol -0.95

**Autoignition Temperature** 415 - °C / 779 - °F

167 °C **Decomposition Temperature** 

**Viscosity** 4.0 cP at 20 °C

**Explosive Properties** No information available explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

**Oxidizing Properties** No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C3 H6 O2 74.08 **Molecular Weight** 

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Polymerization can occur.
Hazardous Reactions Polymerization can occur.
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excess heat. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Heating in air. Keep

away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Metals. Acids. Bases.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4
Dermal Category 4
Inhalation Category 2

	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
I	Glycidol	LD50 = 420 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1980 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 580 ppm (Rat) 8 h
				LC50 = 1260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 4 h
-				

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory Skin**No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

Substances which cause concern for man owing to possible mutagenic effects but for which

the available information is not adequate for making a satisfactory assessment

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

Possible cancer hazard. May cause cancer based on animal data The table below indicates

whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Glycidol	Carc Cat. 1B		Cat. 2	Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

**Teratogenic effects** have occurred in experimental animals.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs Brain, Kidney, Reproductive System, Thymus.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

12.2. Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable

**Persistence** Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Glycidol	-0.95	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

<u>ADR</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** III

IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** 

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**International Inventories** X = listed.

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Glycidol	209-128-3	-		Х	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	KE-2753
•											8

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	,
	Authorization	Substances	List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Glycidol		Use restricted. See item 28.	, ,
		(see	
		http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/L	
		exUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R190	
		7:EN:NOT for restriction details)	
		Use restricted. See item 30.	
		(see	
		http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/L	
		exUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R190	
		7:EN:NOT for restriction details)	

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## **National Regulations**

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Glycidol	WGK 3	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H360F - May damage fertility

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

## Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit

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and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date22-Sep-2009Revision Date20-Feb-2019Revision SummaryNot applicable.

## This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**